Knowledge Organiser Everyday Materials Year 1/2

What I have already learnt ELG's

Understanding the Natural World

- I have explored the natural world around me, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants;
- I have learnt about some similarities and differences between the natural world around me and contrasting environments, drawing on my experiences and what has been read in class:
- I understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around me, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

Recall and Remember

Can you answer these 6 questions in 6 minutes?

- 1. Can you name 6 different materials?
- 2. Can you name 5 different words to describe materials?
- 3. Can you name some man-made and some natural materials?
- 4. Can you name 3 objects made of plastic?
- 5. Can you name 3 objects made of wood?
- 6. Can you name 3 objects made of glass?

What I will have learnt by the end of my Key Stage

- I will know how to identify and compare the suitability of a
 variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal,
 plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for
 particular uses
- I will know how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching
- I will ask and answer questions using what I have learnt and will be able to record my observations

Key skills I will learn/use

Working Scientifically

Notice- I will be able to ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways

Observe- I will be able to observe closely, and use simple equipment

Remember- I be able to remember how to perform simple tests and make them fair

Recognise- I will be able to identify and classify a number of everyday materials

Notice- I will be able to use my observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions

Record- I will be able to gather and record data to help answer questions

Key Concepts/Strands

- o Biology
- o Chemistry
- Physics
- Scientific Enquiry
- Science for the future
- Vocabulary

My skills and knowledge that I may use from other subjects

Literacy- I can use my literacy knowledge to write about my findings

Mathematics- I can use my measuring skills to carry out simple tests and record my findings using diagrams and graphs

DT- I can use my skills learnt during DT lessons such as techniques to attach different materials to each other and evaluate which materials are best for a given purpose

Opportunities for teaching Diversity, Equality (including protected characteristics) and expanding Cultural Capital

Recycling Opportunities

Get involved in local opportunities to explore recycling activities

How to save the planet!

How to save the planet: a guide for kids! - National Geographic Kids (natgeokids.com)

Get to meet a scientist! Explore people who use science in their jobs.

- I'm a Scientist, Get me out of here! A super-curricular science outreach education & engagement activity (imascientist.org.uk)
- Science for Everyone (science4everyone.org)

Key Knowledge

- Objects have different names and can be made of different materials such as wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock
- Everyday materials can be described using simple physical properties such as smooth, bendy, not bendy, waterproof, not waterproof, absorbent, not absorbent, transparent, opaque, hard, soft, stretchy, shiny, dull, rough
- Everyday Materials can be compared and grouped together based on their simple physical properties
- Materials can be natural or man-made

What I will have learnt by the end of this unit

I will be able to distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made

I will be able to identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock

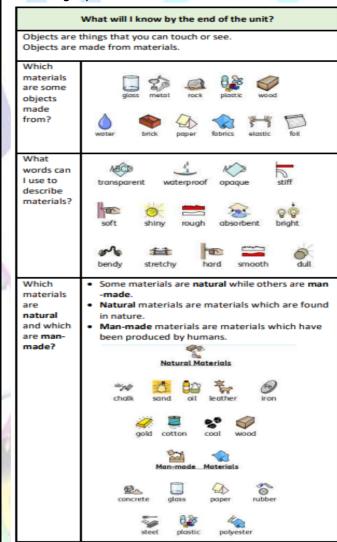
I will be able to describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials

I will be able to compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.

I will be able to answer simple questions using scientific vocabulary

I will have developed skills to perform simple tests
I will be able to use what I have observed to answer
questions

I will be able to use simple graphs when I am recording my work



Knowledge Organiser Everyday Materials Year 1/2

Key Vocabulary Key Vocabulary Smooth objects have no lumps or bumps. smooth Bendy things can be bent easily into a curved or folded shape. bendy If something is not bendy, it can't be bent easily into a not bendy curved or folded shape. If something is waterproof, it keeps water out. waterproof It keeps things dry. Not waterproof materials let water in. not waterproof absorbent If something is absorbent, it soaks liquid up. not absorbent If something is not absorbent, it does not soak up liquid. Transparent objects can be seen through. transparent Opaque objects can't be seen through. opaque

Key Vocabulary	
object	A thing that can be used. For example a door, chair, car, table are all objects.
material	Materials are what an object is made from.
hard	Not easily broken or bent.
soft	If something is soft, it is easy to cut, fold or change the shape of.
stretchy	Can be pulled to make it longer or wider without breaking.
shiny	Reflects light easily.
dull	Doesn't reflect light. Doesn't look bright or shiny.
rough	If something is rough, it feels and looks uneven or bumpy.

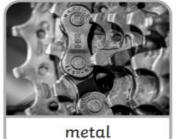
Materials



water

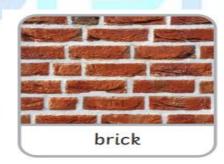


glass















Key Knowledge

Key Knowledge

Properties of Materials



wood:
hard, stiff,
strong, opaque,
can be carved
into any
shape.





plastic:
waterproof,
strong, can
be made to be
flexible or stiff,
smooth or rough.





paper: lightweight, flexible.



fabric: soft, flexible, hard-wearing, can be stretchy, warm, absorbent.



rubber:
hard-wearing,
elastic, flexible,
strong.









