

EYFS	All About Me	Out Of This World	People Who Help Us			
	Old and New	Journeys	Once Upon a Time The Olympics			
Year 2	Chocolate	Chocolate Race to Space				
KS1						
Rationale	Chocolate is a highly engaging foundation for a whole tapestry of discovery, where children have the opportunity to explore issues of global trade and social justice within fun and plentiful opportunities for geography and history to enrich learning. Many creative opportunities exist to enhance learning	This topic allows a scientific approach to develop curiosity and inspire children to question the world beyond our planet. It links to the topic of "Save Our Planet" by helping children gain knowledge and understanding of where we as humans, on planet Earth fit within the solar system.	The Olympics is a great example of diversity and equality in society, and is a great way to explore these topics in action. Learning about the countries, athletes and ethos of the Olympics will engage our children and develop our understanding of British Values.			
	further.					
Literacy	ARE Reading ARE Writing					
Maths	Schools to follow own schemes					
Working Scientifically Types of enquiry	Develop understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science through different types of science enquiries that help them to answer scientific questions about the world around them. Will learn to use a variety of approaches to answer relevant scientific questions. These types of scientific enquiry should include: Observing over time Pattern seeking Identifying, classifying and grouping Comparative and fair testing					
Science	Research using secondary source Seasonal Changes		Seasonal Changes			
Science (Year 2 of 2 year cycle)	Seasonal Changes (Autumn/Winter) Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Seasonal Changes (Winter/Spring) Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Seasonal Changes (Spring/Summer/Consolidation) Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.			
	Materials Y1: distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Y2: identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses. Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	Plants Y1: Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. Y2: Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy Can plants survive in space?	Animals including humans Y1: Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Y2: Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air). Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. (Human body. Senses. Link to Olympics)			



	(Different states of matter. Best material for a chocolate wrapper etc.)					
History	The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Roundtrees Cadbury History of Chocolate	Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally. changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. Moon Landing. Tim Peake. SpaceX. The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Neil Armstrong	Changes within living memory where appropriate these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. London Olympics. Sir Mo Farrah etc. The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Greeks. Olympic Athletes.			
Geographic	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identif	-	l as the countries, continents and oceans studied at			
al skills and fieldwork Skills to be taught over course of key stage	this key stage Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.					
Geography	Locational knowledge Name and locate the world's seven	Geographical skills and fieldwork	Place Knowledge			
	continents and five oceans Compare local area to a non-European country Where is Chocolate grown? Geographical skills and fieldwork Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.	Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives (from space) to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country Olympic torch route.			
Art Skills to be taught over course of key stage	Pupils should be taught: • to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products • to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination • to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space • about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.					
Art Skills to be taught over course of key stage	To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. (Chocolate wrappers and boxes) About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. (craft makers and designers, - Mayans Aztecs - patterned clay circles/plates)	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. (Peter Thorpe)	To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. (Ancient Olympic decorated pots)			
DT Skills to be taught over course of key stage	Design purposeful, functional and appealing products Generate, model and communicate ideas Use a range of tools and materials to complete practical tasks Evaluate existing products and own ideas					
DT	Make Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, textiles and ingredients according to their characteristics. (Chocolate/s) Evaluate Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.	Technical Knowledge Explore and use mechanisms (for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles) in their products. (Space buggies/rockets) Evaluate Explore and evaluate a range of existing products. Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.	Cooking and nutrition Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes. (Olympic Menu) Design Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. (Design Olympic Merchandise) Evaluate Explore and evaluate a range of existing products.			



			Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.				
Computing	understand what algorithms are; how they		on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise				
Skills to be		and unambiguous ir					
taught over	Use lo	Create and debug sim gical reasoning to predict the b	· · · · ·				
course of key			ore, manipulate and retrieve digital content.				
stage	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.						
MFL	Schools to follow own schemes						
Music	Sing songs	Sing songs	Sing songs (Create their own National Anthem				
Skills to be	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically (Instruments from different	Play tuned and untuned instr musically	ruments or Olympic song) Play tuned and untuned instruments musically				
taught over key	countries ie. Mexican/aztec)	Listen to and understand live					
stage	Listen to and understand live and recorded	recorded music (Space sound	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Make and combine sounds musically	Make and combine sounds m	nusically (Big Sing)				
	Make and combine sounds musically						
PE	Schools to follow own schemes	1					
PSHE	Me and my relationships	My healthy lifestyle	Me and my future				
Taken from							
NYCC PSHE	Keeping myself safe	Becoming an active	citizen Moving On				
and Citizenship							
guidance for			School's own scheme for SRE/RSE				
schools – Sep							
17 RE	Schools to either follow the Diocese of York or the North Yorkshire Syllabus						
	Positive can do attitude, resilience, risk-taking, creativity, innovation, self-belief						
Enterprise	Aim: To be ready to start a business.						
Ideas to	Links that could be made as appropriate:						
develop	What are the local economies of the area studied? Why are they here?						
enterprise	Why do economies differ by area?						
throughout	What impact will change have on the local economies?						
the year	What new business enterprise would survive here?						
groups over	Career opportunities for the future. Curriculum possibilities:						
the academic	Rotary club						
year	Looking at economies through geography						
7	Environmental impact E.g. Potash mine (Sirius/Boulby) tourism.						
Outdoor	Raise funds for a school project or local charity.						
Outdoor Learning	Ongoing throughout the year.						
	Spiritual Development		Moral Development				
British	Spiritual Development		Maintaining high profile school rules and behaviour				
Values	Reflect whenever possible. This may be about religious beliefs, personal beliefs, the beauty of art or natural things etc. This will		policy.				
	need building into the curriculum at all opportunities.		Discussing moral and ethical issues and understanding				
Ongoing	Develop a sense of enjoyment and fascination about		different viewpoints across the curriculum.				
throughout	themselves, others and the world abou		Develop through use of relevant stories – discuss				
	Being creative and imaginative in their	work.	dilemmas and explore possibilities.				
the year for			Talangue de la companya de la compan				
the year for all year	Curriculum opportunities:		Identifying opportunities when children could have a say.				
all year	Curriculum opportunities: Embed reflection in all aspects of the cu		Curriculum opportunities:				
-	Curriculum opportunities:	urriculum	,				



Opportunitie s for Diversity and Equality Teaching	Social Development Develop links to other communities. Conflict resolution – use of school rules, through literacy, geography, history. Rule of law Curriculum opportunities: Conflicts through choice of stories Literacy based on different cultures In all lessons: Ensure differences are respecte Promote positive relationships a Promote a shared sense of belo Challenge stereotype and prejuc Choose resources carefully for of	d, recognised and valued and attitudes and inclusion dice	
Specific opportunities - To build up over time		PHSE Stereotyping in relations	hips